THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Port Almanac—August 29.

Sun Rises	5.28 A M
Sun Sets	6.32 A M
Day's Length	13 h 4 m
High Water at Southport	3.30 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.17 A M

The Weather.

U S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N C., Aug. 29.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 76°; 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 91°; minimum, 69°; mean 80°.

Rainfall for the day .40; rainfall for the month up to date, 5.76.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Generally fair, with southwesterly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There was 1.69 inches rainfall in Lumberton yesterday; 0.40 in Wilmington; 0.27 in Goldsboro; 0.16 in Newbern; 0.02 in Raleigh; no rain in Charlotte, Greensboro and Weldon. The maximum temperature in Wilmington was 91; Charlotte, Goldsboro, Lumberton and Raleigh, 90, Weldon, 92; Newbern, 92.

OUTLINES

Further proceedings will be instituted by the Government for the cancellation of the Baldwin telephone patent. —— The Treasury gold reserve is just above the one hundred million mark. —— A jealous husband in New York murders his wife in a horrible manner. ——The Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania, which promised to be a turbulent one, through the efforts of Senator Quay turned out to be a harmonious one. —— The report of the Grand Recorder to the Grand Encampment of the Knights Templar, in session in Boston, shows an increase of eighty-one commanderies over the last triennial report in 1892. —— The incendiaries who burned the Fulton county (Illinois) court house in December last have been arrested. —— Cuban insurgents are reported as carrying on a vigorous conflict with the Spanish troops. —— The German American veterans were given an enthusiastic reception at Bremen. —— The Government refused to accept the dry dock at Port Royal, S. C. —— Minister Denby explains his failure to report on the Chinese massacres; the inquiry into the massacres is proceeding and the Chinese officials are actively co-operating. ——At Boston, Dick O'Brien, of Lewiston, Me. was knocked out in one round by Joe Walcott, of Boston. —— Senator Thomas S. Martin, of Virginia, says he can see no good in discussing the silver question. —— Alexander Hutchinson shot and killed James Getty, Jr., at the latter's office, in Pittsburg Pa. —— Knights Templar visit President Cleveland at Gray Gables. ——Senator Quay's victory in the Pennsylvania Convention settles the question of Harrison's Presidential candidacy. —— New York market reports: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent, last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1; cotton steady —middling gulf 8 5-16c; middling 8 1-16c; Southern flour was dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.00@2.70; good to choice $2.80@3.00; wheat easier, with options more active—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 64¾@65c; afloat 66@66¼c; corn dull and firm—No. 2 at elevator 42½c; afloat 43¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27¼@27¾c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

Corea is becoming Americanized. She is having a lot of postage stamps built in this country.

George Westinghouse, who was so poor that he couldn't afford a middle name, has made $20,000,000 by his air brake. But he isn't putting on any airs now, and doesn't want a middle name.

Tom Reed says he managed to get through the first two years in college "by doing odd jobs here and there." Tom also did some pretty "odd jobs" while Speaker. His quorum counting business was a very odd job. We wouldn't cast any reflection on Tom, who, outside of his politics, is a capital fellow, but there are a good many Republican statesmen who made themselves solid by "doing odd jobs."

According to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* "Tom Reed's eloquent silence is bothering the opposition more than all the speeches of all the other aspirants put together." Perfectly indifferent to what Benj. Harrison and others may say, Tom isn't even talking through his hat. Masterly silence is a good thing at the right time. It is a hard thing to answer, and doesn't give many handles for the other fellows to grab and twist.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVI.—NO. 132. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,839

With the consolidation of the Raleigh *Press and Visitor*, under the editorial and business management of Mr. Greek O. Andrews, assisted by Mr. Thos. J. Pence, as city editor, Raleigh will have but one evening paper, but one that promises to fill the bill, as Messrs. Andrews and Pence are both men of journalistic experience and ability. From what we know of both of these gentlemen we feel sure that there will be nothing lacking on their part to give Raleigh a paper in every way deserving of encouragement, and one that will do credit to the Capital city of the State. With the press dispatches, the timely editorials, local gatherings, and large amount of other reading matter the first number gives fair promise of this. The new enterprise starts out with the STAR's best wishes.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* remarks that the nomination of ex-Governor Campbell for Governor of Ohio "is emphatically an example of the man being sought for the office, not the office by the man." As far as our observation goes, it is generally the case that when the office goes out and hunts up the man the prospect of success isn't so encouraging as to cause a rush, but when the prospects are pretty good the patriots are about in easy calling so that they can be found without much hunting. The office seeking the man is a venerable tradition. When it does these days the reason is generally self evident.

There is nothing nomadic about the French people. They are so devoted to the home spots that it is said that out of the 38,000,000 population 21,000,000 live in the towns or villages in which they were born, and 30,000,000 were never outside of the departments in which they were born. Very few emigrate from France, and this is one of the highest tributes that can be paid to that country, for it is pretty good evidence that the Frenchman feels pretty well off in France.

The Philadelphia *Record*, gold-standard paper, thinks that Mr. Hardin's free silver utterances may cost him the votes of a good many "sound money" Democrats, and remarks that "victory under his lead would be misinterpreted and hardly preferable to defeat." But wouldn't his defeat also be interpreted as a defeat of the "sound money" platform? If one goes down so does the other.

Some of the "sound money" men would like to run Wat Hardin off the track, but Wat wouldn't back and that's wat's the matter with them. As they couldn't fetch Wat they took water, a very hard thing for a Kentuckian to do.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DANCING—At Hilton Park.
BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.
HALL & PEARSALL—Bagging, ties.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL McKINNON—Pears.
FRANK McNEILL—Attorney at law.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. T. Burke has returned from visiting relatives at Goldston, N. C.

— Mr. Geo. L. Morton has returned from Raleigh, where he has been on business.

— Mr. J. A. McCallum and Mr. D. M. Oliver, of Rowland, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. McDaniel and Miss Ida Baldwin, of Lake Waccamaw, were in the city yesterday.

— Dr. H. F. Arthur, of Harrell's Store, and Dr. W. H. Whitehead, of Rocky Mount, are at Mannings, Wrightsville.

— Dr. B. W. Rawls, of Suffolk, Va., and his charming sister, Miss Selma, were in the city yesterday. They have been enjoying themselves at our seaside resorts.

— Charlotte *Observer*: "Mr. T. Wright Meares and Mr. G. T. Boney, of Wilmington were in the city yesterday on their way to the mountains. Mr. W. R. Barksdale, of Wilmington, was at the Buford yesterday."

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: "Miss Eliza Belle Howell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Howell, of Wilmington, is visiting relatives and friends in this town, the guest of Capt. and Mrs. W. S. Norment. Miss Howell is quite a favorite among our young people."

— Messrs. D. W. Millsaps and son, Lumberton; H J Pope, Magnolia; J S Hartsell, Clinton; J O Smith, Raleigh; R H Berry, Newbern; J C Swindell, Tarboro; W E Clayton, N C; J B Sneed, Raleigh; Jno S Michaux, Greensboro; J A Brown, Chadbourn; R P Hamer, Hamer, S C; W W Miller, Rocky Point, J M Rawlingson, Cougan; H B Short, H U Butters, C M Hawkins, J C Murchison, N C, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There will be dancing at Hilton Park to-night.

— The war on the rice birds has begun; but the birds are not yet fat.

— January cotton closed at 8.05 in New York yesterday. "Let 'er roll."

— But 474 bales of new cotton were received at all the ports yesterday, and of these Galveston got 427.

— Mr. W. M. Cumming has removed his office to 125 Princess street, formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Wood.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Tuesday, at 8 a. m., was 4.8 feet, a fall of .9 of a foot in 24 hours.

— South Front street, from Orange to Castle, is to be put in order and a shell roadway made on each side of the street-car track.

— To-morrow night there will be dancing and music in the pavilion at Ocean View. The last train will leave for the city at 11 p. m.

— Walter Branch was arraigned in the City Court yesterday, charged with being a nuisance. Judgment was suspended on payment of costs.

— The steam tug *Marion* left at 8 o'clock last night for Southport and the Blackfish grounds, with some thirty-five or forty fishermen on board.

— The favorable weather now prevailing is making thousands of dollars for the cotton producers of North Carolina, where the crop is late and needs all the sunshine it can get.

— How late is the cotton crop is shown by the fact that Norfolk received but four bales yesterday, Wilmington five, Savannah fifty-three, Charleston one, and New Orleans fifty-six.

— Several of the members of the "Quickstep" club got left by the train in Charlotte yesterday. Possibly it was because they were afraid they'd "get left" if they came to Wilmington.

— Several merchants expressed themselves as glad to see the STAR's reminder yesterday in regard to Welcome Week or something of the kind to bring country merchants here this Fall.

— Lightning struck the house of Mr. B. R. Taylor, at Fayetteville, Tuesday, tearing down the chimneys and damaging the roof. No person hurt. He is a brother of Mr. Jas. H. Taylor, of this city.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

— The 1,000-mile race between Shabel, the French long distance bicycle champion, and Seavey: of Boston, has been fixed to start on Thursday, Sept. 5, at the Island track at Toronto, Canada. Patterson, a local rider, is anxious to go into the race, and Grimm, of Cleveland, is also expected to enter.

— Charlotte *News*: "The Wilmington bicycle boys made many friends here, for a more gentlemanly set of young men never visited Charlotte. A good many Charlotte young ladies yesterday wore Wilmington's colors, and it naturally follows that some of the boys will come back once in awhile to see if they are still wearing them."

BOLD ROBBERY

At Messrs. Rehder & Co.'s Store on Fourth Street.

One of the boldest robberies committed in this city for some time past was perpetrated last Tuesday night about 11 o'clock. It was the same old story. Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., who carry on a dry goods and gents' clothing business just north of Fourth street bridge, had their windows filled with goods for show. About eleven o'clock Mr. George Brown, who keeps a saloon opposite Mr. Rehder's place of business, heard a crash and the jingling of glass. He went to his front door and saw a negro man under the electric light with head and shoulders in the window moving goods. It was pouring down rain, and Mr Brown thinking it was some of the employees yelled "hello," and he then saw the man jump and run and he knew he was a burglar. Mr. Kenney, superintendent of the oil mills, and Mr. Ben. L. Hoskins, who were near by, saw him run, called "police!" and started for the man, but he had finished his work and ran down Hanover street; his chum, another negro, following. He succeeded in carrying off four pairs of pants, six shirts, and a number of neckties and other articles. Two colored policemen arrived shortly afterwards, but too late to do any good.

Mr. Brown said he could have captured the thief, but thought something had blown against and broken the window and an employe was replacing the goods. Mr. Schulken was sent for, who nailed the window up. This is the third time a robbery has taken place in the same way in the last two years, and it is thought the same parties have done the work. The damage was about forty dollars.

The Odd Fellows' Orphans.

The Odd Fellows' orphans spent yesterday in the city, being entertained as guests in the families of members of the Order, and left for home yesterday evening on the 7 o'clock train. From all accounts their visit was an unending round of enjoyment.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

BASE BALL

Game to be Played To-day by the Blackstockings and Quicksteps.

Schenck's Blackstockings (colored) base ball team arrived yesterday afternoon on the excursion train, accompanied by five of the Quicksteps of Charlotte. The other members got left. So the game scheduled for yesterday afternoon was postponed until this afternoon. The Street Railway Co. telegraphed those who were left, transportation, and received a telegram stating that they left Charlotte last night and would reach here this morning at 8 o'clock. The first of the series of three games for $100, will be played this afternoon.

Schenck, captain of the Wilmington team, says the first game was virtually won in Charlotte, but the ball was lost in the grass in the end of the ninth inning, allowing the Quicksteps to score two runs. He says: "Watch us to-day, to-morrow and Saturday and you will see the Blackstockings redeem themselves."

Return of the Wheelmen.

The Wilmington cyclists who took part in the races at Charlotte Monday afternoon, Messrs. Rawlings, Rankin, Wright, Sawyer, Springer, Bunting and Turrentine, and "rooters" H. D. Springer and Louis H. Myers, returned yesterday at 12.30 o'clock. A large delegation of bicycle riders went to the Carolina Central depot to meet the boys and accompany them down town. They were delighted with their visit to the "Queen City" and say the courteous manner in which they were treated couldn't have been surpassed anywhere. They were disappointed in the circular track and have challenged the Charlotte boys for a race on the turnpike here for week after next, which is likely to be accepted. They reported having done exceedingly well considering the circumstances, in all the races, and are confident of winning on the straight track.

Excursionists.

Two large excursion reached here yesterday. The first arrived at 4 o'clock in the afternoon over the C. C. R. R. from Charlotte, with about four hundred excursionists, nearly all colored. They brought with them a colored band of sixteen pieces. They will return Fricay evening. The second was from Greensboro and places along the line of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. It arrived here at five o'clock with about five hundred excursianists, all white. This excursion is run by Mr. S. L. Conrad, of Winston, and had with it the "Pilgrims' Band," of Lexington, N. C. Nearly the entire party were transferred on the street cars to the Seacoast depot, and went through to Ocean View. They will visit Carolina Beach to-day and return home to-morrow. The members of the Band are T. J. Leonard (leader), J. T. Leonard, W. V. Leonard, W. L. Leonard, J. D. Darr, L. Darr, H. J. Sink, J. E. Conrad.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Herring.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Julia Worth Herring, wife of Mr. W. G. Herring, were held yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock in the First Presbyterian church, by Rev. J. H. Rawlings, D. D., assisted by Rev. B. E. Wallace. There was a large congregation of sorrowing relatives and sympathetic friends, and a long cortege followed the remains to the grave in Oakdale cemetery. There were many beautiful floral offerings which were placed upon the grave after the conclusion of the services. The pall-bearers were Messrs. R. W. Wallace, Walker Taylor, A. J. Howell, Jr., E. S. Tennant, C. A. Dahlgren, Wm. Hines, E. P. Boatwright and R. L. Holmes.

Incendiary Attempt.

An attempt was made Tuesday night to burn a house in the southeastern part of the city, occupied by Mrs. Mary Mintz, a widow. About 11 o'clock p. m. fire was discovered in the kitchen, but it was extinguished by some of the neighbors with buckets of water, before it had made much headway. A hole about three feet square was burned in the floor. After the fire was extinguished a number of lightwood splinters, saturated with kerosene oil, were found under the kitchen. Mrs. Mintz and a five-year-old child were the only occupants of the house at the time, her two older daughters being at work in the cotton factory, on the night force. The house is the property of Mr. John M. Bremer.

They Indorse The Star.

Dr. E. Porter was in the city yesterday. He fully indorses the position of the STAR on the proposed silver convention or conference to be held in Raleigh. Mr. W. G. Burkhead, of Columbus, who was here a day or two since, also expressed his unqualified approval of the STAR'S position, which is not in accord with the views of those Democrats who favor a convention to be composed of Democrats, Republicans and Populists. Dr. Porter and Mr. Burkhead are both earnest advocates of free silver, but they consider it a Democratic measure, and cannot see where benefit can accrue to the Democratic party by "conferring" with Republicans and Populists.

Brooke Is In It.

Mr. B. G. Empie (our Brooke) is in the Inter-State shoot at Charlotte. In the opening events Tuesday, his scores were as follows: 17 out of 20; 18 out of 15; 20 straight, and 19 out of 20. As these scores enabled him to divide first, second, third and fourth moneys, it is evident that "Cousin Gwath" is paying expenses.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

TOBACCO BREAKS AND SALES IN ALL WAREHOUSES.

Critical Condition of W. G. Upchurch—Secretary Coke No Better—Change of Passenger Agent for the Seaboard—Henry's Valedictory—I. O. O. F. Celebration—Shaw University—Chamber of Commerce Meeting—A Noted Horse Thief—Brandy Bonds.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, August 28.

The condition of Mr. W. G. Upchurch is extremely critical. He is expected to die at any moment. Mr. Upchurch is one of Raleigh's most prominent and prosperous citizens.

Secretary Coke was no better last night. This morning there was thought to be some change for the better. It is said that Mr. Coke cannot hear.

Mr. Sneed, who came from the Benbow House in Greensboro and accepted a position as clerk with the Park Hotel, has resigned, and will enter another business.

Mr. A. J. Cooke, soliciting passenger agent in this city for the Seaboard, has resigned. There was some friction between Mr. Cooke and Mr. Slover, of Norfolk. Mr. Cooke is a popular railroad man, and has proved quite efficient. The position was offered to Mr. Edgar Leach, of this city, but he refused the job. It is said that a Mr. Land will be given the position.

Montague, the house-breaker, has been released on bond.

Tobacco sales were conducted here yesterday in all the warehouses. There were very good breaks and the average price paid was $15.

The Arrington tribunal failed to meet to-day, no witnesses having arrived. Mr. Bryan has not turned up so far.

Mrs. Wm. Harrison, wife of a former citizen of Raleigh, died this morning at Henderson, so a telegram states.

Mr. Henry's valedictory appears in the *Caucasian*, which is printed to-day and appears to-morrow. Mr. Henry uses the most abusive language in his reference to Cleveland, Ransom and the National Administration.

The Arrington Committee meets again as soon as the witnesses arrive.

Last night there was a celebration of the third anniversary of the capital Lodge I. O. O. F. Speech-making and refreshments were the order. Past Grand Sire Busbee and Grand Master Lumsden responded to the toasts.

Work on the new building at Shaw University is progressing nicely. The first floor has been completed.

The Auditor is receiving abstracts of listed taxes from the counties. They are coming in right along.

On Friday Mr. J. F. Hillman, of Cabarrus, J. M. Mewborne and N. C. English met here to make arrangements about the establishment of the shoe factory at Cary.

Senator Butler and Postmaster Morton left for Wilmington to-day.

There was a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce last night, at which the annual election of officers occurred. Mr. J. E. Pogue was chosen chairman, and Mr. George Allen secretary. The retiring President, Mr. W. E. Stokley, read his report, which showed that the city had enlarged and added many new industries during the last year.

The State Fair has secured the Morganton band for the approaching show.

C. C. McDonald, the noted horse thief, who was arrested in South Carolina, and who was an escaped convict, was brought here yesterday. At a point near Hillsboro he tried to escape, having cut a link in the handcuffs which held him with an old razor. He asked the sheriff to get him a drink of water and when he got to the cooler the prisoner broke for the door. He was intercepted by a revenue raider.

Over 400 brandy bonds have been reported at the revenue office here. They range in amounts from $300 to $5,000. This work will be completed by October 1st.

One of the sights at the depot was Marion Butler and Associate Justice Phillips in close conversation. It is hardly probable that the leader could approve of the Justice's course.

INTER-STATE TELEPHONE.

Work Will Begin in a Few Days—When Completed We Can "Hello" All Over the State.

The Raleigh *Press-Visitor* says of the new Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph Company:

"The Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph Company has obtained franchises at the more important cities and towns in North Carolina. Mr. Jule Carr is president of the company, and their headquarters are in Durham. Work will begin in a few days on the construction of the line. Most of the material has arrived and is being distributed to points where the line will touch. So far it has been decided to connect Raleigh, Goldsboro, Newbern, Wilmington, Winston, Charlotte, Greensboro, Durham, Oxford and Henderson. The system will be a great benefit to the people in these towns. It enables a Raleigh merchant to converse with persons whom he may have business with in any of these towns. It also places the towns and cities connected in closer relation. The advantages are manifold."

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Peaches in pretty good demand and firm. Grapes plentiful, quiet and easy. Fine large watermelons selling fairly, others dull. Sweet potatoes in moderate offering, steady. Grapes—Virginia, basket, 6 to 8 cents; do case, 50 to 75 cents; do Maryland and Delaware, case, 60 to 75 cents. Peaches—carrier, $1.00 to 2.50; basket, 40c to $1.25. Watermelons—hundred, $5 to 14; car load, $75 to 150. Huckleberries—Maryland and Delaware, quart, 6 to 8 cents. Potatoes—sweet, $2.00 to 2.50.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—80 casks spirits turpentine, 56 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—5 bales cotton, 58 casks spirits turpentine, 304 bbls rosin, 99 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—30 casks spirits turpentine, 45 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 5 bales; spirits turpentine, 305 casks; rosin, 147 bbls; tar, 193 bbls; crude turpentine, 16 bbls.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE HABIT OF SAVING.

[*Atlanta Constitution*]

The French suffer less from panics and depressions than any other people on the globe, and it is because thrift is the basis of their prosperity.

In France nearly every person saves something for a rainy day. The habit is almost universal, and those who earn the least are sure to be found in the great saving class. The French savings banks have more than 8,000,000 depositors, and their deposits amount to about $800,000,000 and this large sum is made up of small amounts.

The French schools teach the children to save money, and the most frequent prize given to a bright child is a savings bank book with a small sum to the credit of the owner. This is given where in this country we would give a medal or a book.

When a community has a lot of money deposited in savings banks it is easy to borrow money without going to outside capitalists. The local banks are prepared to loan to home people at a moderate interest. In large cities and factory towns of the Eastern States the savings banks are the great safeguards of the poor wage earners against hard times, and if the saving habit was as general here as in France our people would have passed the recent financial depression without seriously feeling it.

Every child should be taught the importance of saving, without being avaricious or niggardly. We need more thrift. The average American wage-earner wasts enough in his lifetime to make him comfortable in his old age. We should take a lesson from the French in this respect. They know how to enjoy life, and at the same time work hard and save money.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

There Will Be Dancing
—AT—
Hilton Park To-Night.
Last chance of the season.
aug 29 1t

Base Ball.
The first of the series of three games for $100 will be played to-day, 4 p. m. sharp, at Hilton Park.
aug 29 tf

Bagging and Ties.
JUTE BAGGING, different weight.
CALCUTTA BAGGING.
SUGAR BAY BAGGING (very cheap.)
NEW ARROW and PIECED TIES.
Call or write for prices before buying.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
aug 29 D&W tf

Sugar for Silver.
30 bbls. Fine Granulated.
20 bbls. Standard Granulated.
15 bbls. White Extra C.
25 bbls. Golden Extra C.
15 bbls. Brown Sugar.
50 100 lb. bags Sugar.
All orders appreciated by
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
aug 27 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Residents on the Sound and Beach
Will find it to their interest to telephone
James D. Nutt,
The Druggist, No. 150, when in need of anything in his line.
Message and carriage free. Registered Pharmacist in attendance at all times. aug 27 tf.

A War is Imminent in the South.
A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.
"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.
Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.
Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagle-ship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.
Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

Johnson & Fore,
Importing Retailers,
No. 111 Market Street,
are now making preparation for their
Magnificent Stock
—OF—
Fall and Winter Goods.
Their store has been altered, enlarged and greatly improved and many
NEW GOODS
are now in store.
Agency for Dr. Jaegers'
Sanitary Underwear
—AND—
IMPERIAL PAPER PATTERNS.
We cordially invite the public to call on us.
JOHNSON & FORE.
aug 25 tf

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Company,
of Charlotte, N. C.
The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:
P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.
These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.
STEDMAN & WORTH,
Resident Agents.
je 9 tf

MINERAL WATERS
ON DRAUGHT,
And by the Bottle or Gallon.
Harriss Lithia Water.
Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.
Bottled Waters.
Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.
For Sale at
Bunting's Pharmacy
jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Removal.
The Office of W. H. CUMMING, Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, and of the Mechanics' Home Association, is being removed half a square east from old stand to No. 125 Princess street, the office formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Wood, the Sewing Machine Agent—next door to Mr. Plummer's Candy and Fruit Store. aug 27 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.
The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Popular Place.
"The Prettiest Store Room in the State."
Elegance and Comfort.
"STEAM HEAT AND PASSENGER ELEVATOR, DELIGHTFUL!"
"You Will Have the Best. It's Your Way."
"IT WILL BE A PLEASURE TO VISIT A STORE LIKE THAT."
The above are remarks made by prominent Ladies of this city about our
NEW STORE,
No. 29 North Front St.
SPECIALS IN
DryGoods
THIS WEEK.
Hundreds of Bargains, stylish, useful and pretty are here. Tap our stock when you will, it's rich in value to the purchaser.
Read These Items.
Carbolic Soap 5c cake, worth 10c.
100 yards Veiling 10c per yard, worth 35c.
Gent's Suspenders 35c, worth 50 and 75c.
Gent's Tecks only 10c, worth 25c.
500 yards Lace 5c a yard.
10,000 yards Crash 3c a yard.
Silk Belts 10c, worth 50c.
Pearl Buttons 25c a dozen, worth 50 cents.
Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.
Rick Rack Braid in 24 yard pieces, only 5c a bunch.
Wash Silks reduced to 25c a yard.
Good Machine Spool Cotton two spools for 5c.
New line Percales and Calicos just received.
Sole Agentf for Onyx, Smith & Angels's Black Hosiery.
Guaranteed as Advertised.
A. D. BROWN,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
aug 25 tf

Trunks and Valises.
Big Stock just received. Prices lower than ever.
Zinc Covered Trunks 75c and upward.
Patent Wall Trunks $4.65.
Travelling Bags 40c and upwards.
Telescopes 75c and upward.
Large Leather Valises $1.98.
Remember big Bargains in
CLOTHING
and lots of other goods at
J. H. REHDER & CO.'s,
Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on purchases over $2.
Phone 115. aug 25 tf

Young Printer Wanted.
A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADVANCED, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two-Thirder," if well recommended, by applying at the
aug 14 3t STAR OFFICE.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper n North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $4 00 per year, $2 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $70 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper references, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 29, 1895

STATE BANKS A NECESSITY.

No satisfactory monetary system can be devised for this country which does not embrace the State bank as an essential part of it. The present system may do for those sections of the country which are densely populated, which are wealthy and which can provide themselves with as many national or other banks as they may desire, but this centralization in and monopoly of the currency by such sections is one of the grounds of just grievance by other sections which are less favored in point of population and of wealth.

There may be millions of loanable funds in the banks of these particular sections but it is money that goes out only under certain processes, and does not answer the same purpose as a circulating medium that the money nearer home would. The country has suffered inestimably by this centralization of the currency and its control by the large banks which have iron-clad regulations which must be complied with before their vaults are unlocked.

We have striking illustrations of this every Fall about the time the crop movement begins, in the demands of Western and Southern cities for funds "to move the crops." There is never enough of ready money on hand to do this and Western grain and Southern cotton have to wait, whatever the price may be, until the Western banks can make arrangements with the Eastern banks for a sufficient supply of money for this purpose. Of course that is an accommodation for which the Western and Southern banks have to pay and they in turn make their patrons pay for the accommodation extended to them, all of which in the end comes out of the farmer who sells his wheat and the planter who sells his cotton.

No fault attaches to the banks for this, for it is their business to deal in money, to lend it, and to make as much as they can out of it. It is their stock in trade just as the farmer's wheat, or cotton, or the merchant's goods are their stock in trade. As long as they deal legitimately and honestly, without taking advantage of the necessities of other sections to make usurious profit, there can be no fault reasonable found. The fault is not in them, but in the system which permits a few strong banks in the wealthier sections of the country to control the volume of the currency, and even to control the Treasury of the United States, as the Morgan-Belmont syndicate is now doing.

It is mockery to talk about the large volume of money in circulation and of the large *per capita*, if this volume can be practically controlled by combinations, who can contract or expand it at their pleasure and thus regulate the rate of interest on the money they lend. A difference of one-half of one per cent., which would scarcely be noticed by the man who wanted money, would amount to many thousands in the aggregate, and when it is remembered that they handle hundreds of millions it can be readily seen that a small advance in the rates of interest means a great deal to them.

Is there no way to decentralize the currency, to break this monopoly, and provide for a more equable and permanent distribution of the volume, and give the less populated and less wealthy sections some chance to become less dependent on the money centers than they are now? The free coinage of silver would aid in doing this by increasing the volume of currency and making it less easy for a few men to control and monopolize it, but it will never be effectually done until we have State banks which can supply a local currency in such quantities as the necessities of the respective sections may demand, a currency with sufficient flexibility to be expanded or contracted, as the volume of business might make advisable.

During the days of State banks they furnished all the money necessary to "move the crops" and meet the demands of business, and we never heard of one section calling on another section to help it out nor calling upon the Treasury of the United States to supply it with small bills or any other kind of money. These all are peculiar to the present era of money centralization. The old State banks had a banking capital of about $450,000,000 of money that circulated about home, most of which never went away from home and all of which came back home if it did go away.

That's the kind of money the South and the West need to-day, and that's why the South and the West ought to unite in the demand for State banks and insist on making them a recognized and essential part, as they once were, of our monetary system.

* * *

Mexico, as all of our States have, has an anti-duelling law, but it has not been enforced until recently, when Col. Francisco Romero, of the Mexican Army, was tried for killing Col. Verastegui in a duel, on the 9th of August last year. In Mexico nine men compose a jury, and a majority of them convict. Col. Romero was convicted in all the courts, and the sentence was that he be confined in prison for four years and three months, with a fine of $1,800 or 100 days additional imprisonment, if preferred. In addition to this he has to pay an annuity of $4,500, in monthly installments, to the widow of Verastegui, for eighteen years, the funeral expenses amounting to $460 and all the costs of the trial. Being an army officer he will be confined in a military prison. The seconds were acquitted. With such sentences as this duelling will be found to be an expensive business in Mexico, with correspondingly little inducement to engage in it. In the estimation of some that country may not be a model of civilization, but in the vigor with which she sits down on the duello she sets an example that other countries which boast a higher civilization would do well to follow.

* * *

In an interview with a correspondent of the New York *Herald* Governor McKinley, of Ohio, said in speaking of the condition of his State, "Our industries are all growing and we have a bright outlook for the future." This suggests the inquiry that if Ohio's industries are all growing and it has such a bright outlook for the future, what is Mr. McKinley going to have to build his calamity platform on, and hold up the Wilson tariff as an object lesson of disaster, which was so confidently predicted when that bill was under consideration? Mr. McKinley and his political associates were counting on making the tariff the issue in the campaign of 1896, for the double purpose of side-tracking the silver question and humbugging the people, as they had been doing for years, but with their industries growing and a bright outlook for the future, how many, even of their former followers, will they find to take any stock in the high protection business? As matters are running now it looks very much as if the high-tariff issue, from the Republican standpoint, would be knocked out and that all the capital that will be made out of that will be made by the Democrats, whose promises are being more than realized.

Professor Wiggins says Niagara river is showing signs of drying up, but Wiggins isn't.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The $90,000,000 increase in Missouri valuations of property may be, like the hoarded money of New York and London, congestion of the head and paralysis of the extremities. The capitalists of St. Louis may have scooped the farmer's pile.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Senator Brice has one advantage in Ohio: He is running for the Senate against ex-Governor Foraker. That ought to be worth several votes, to an even less popular and more distrusted candidate than Brice. "Cal" knows how to be generous; "Joey B." doesn't; he is the most thoroughly disliked politician of either party in the whole State, beyond doubt.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— The Indianapolis *Journal* says that "if the beet-sugar industry is killed off by free trade, Germany can control the American market." If the sugar-beet industry should be killed off by German competition, as the *Journal* says would be the case, would it not give cheaper sugar to the consumers in this country? Why should the whole American people be taxed to maintain the sugar-beet patches in Nebraska? And if the beets are to be protected, why not long staple cotton? Why discriminate in favor of one agricultural product? The trouble with the American market is that we have too many dead beats in this country.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

MINOR MENTION.

The impression has been that it is the Secretary of the Treasury, with his associates in office, who runs the financial department of the Government, but that doesn't seem to be the case now, at least in the opinion of the Springfield, Mass., *Republican*, a gold standard paper, which is friendly to the administration, and warmly endorses the methods adopted for "protecting" the "reserve." Discussing the situation it states the case thus:

"The bond syndicate prevents a fall in the Government's gold reserve below $100,000,000 by handing over $1,800,000 more in gold coin in exchange for legal tender notes. This will make nearly $10,000,000 which the syndicate has paid over to the Treasury in gold since last February above what it was obliged to pay by the contract. Profuse remarks continue to come from Washington as to what the Treasury officials think and are to do about the renewal of gold exports. But Wall street is not paying any attention to them. It is studying the face of J. Pierpont Morgan. If Morgan looks cheerful stocks move up. If he goes yachting the Government reserve is known to be all right. Morgan is running the financial end of the Government just now, and the attempts of the Treasury officials to make people think they are excite only smiles among the knowing."

That a syndicate has been found to handle the bonds of this Government (for a large consideration) and temporarily fill up the gaps that may be made in the gold reserve, may be in the estimation of some a cause of congratulation, but in what humiliation does it put a great Government like this to be forced to acknowledge its dependence upon any syndicate to protect its Treasury and save it from making confession of bankruptcy? That is precisely the predicament in which it is placed by this blind adhesion to the gold rule, and its stupid refusal to pay out silver which it has at command and can pay out under the law.

* * *

— An improbable rumor—Jones: I hear that your friend Failupski is embarrassed again.

Isaacs—Maybe der greditors vos; but I guess Failupski is used to it.—*Puck.*

— Grant—Can it be possible that Hawkins is in love with that fat girl? Why she weighs 14 stone, at least.

Hobbs: No. I don't believe he's in love. He's just infatuated.—*Titbits.*

— "Do you think, professor," said the musically ambitious youth, "that I can ever do anything with my voice?"

"Well," was the cautious reply, "it may come in handy to holler with in case of a fire."—*Washington Star.*

—"Did I understand you to say that Thompson was a farmer?"

"Good gracious, no! I said he made his money in wheat. You never heard of a farmer doing that, did you?"—*Beatrice Democrat.*

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, P. E.

Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1

Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8

Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15

Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Osawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes *"I was troubled with heart disease* for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. *They said there was no help for me,* that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,* which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and *it completely cured me. I sleep* well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Restores Health

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

Forsale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y sa tu th change.

HOW TO AVOID COLDS.

A CLAIM THAT THEY ARE LARGELY DUE TO FLANNELS.

Have Your Underclothing Light and Loose and Keep Up Your Natural Heat—Colds Are Responsible For a Great Deal of Illness and Should Not Be Overlooked.

A physician who has given much thought to the hygiene of clothing has come to the conclusion that many deaths are caused by heavy woolen underclothing.

It can be proved that flannels are often the cause of severe colds. To have a cold is to be in a diseased condition, and that means a loss of vitality and a shortening of life. It may even mean sudden death.

One can easily demonstrate, in one's own person on a small scale the ill effects of excessive flannels. Bind your hand in thick woolen bandages and leave it in that condition for a night. In the morning you will find it damp and flabby, the pores all open. It is in the most susceptible condition for catching cold. If the whole body were brought to the same state, the result of exposure to cold air would inevitably be disastrous.

That the whole body is often brought to a nearly similar condition is certain. The majority of people during the winter incase themselves in heavy, tight woolen or flannel garments. These provoke perspiration and do not absorb it. The result is that the wearer's skin is hot, damp and highly susceptible to the inflammatory effects of cold. A slightly lowered temperature can hardly fail to bring on a cold.

Heavy woolen underclothing is able to do all the more harm because it has the weight of ancient domestic tradition. Few people dare to be wiser than their grandmothers. Woolen underclothing, according to modern experience, should be as light as is consistent with comfort. There are many persons who go through the winter healthily in cotton underwear, and these are probably the most fortunate class of the population. But the warmth preserving qualities of wool are not to be ignored.

One of its great properties is that it is a bad conductor of heat. The heat of the body, therefore, is not given out by it. It also does not stick to the skin and does not absorb perspiration freely. This is a quality of doubtful value. While it is agreeable not to have your underclothing glued to your skin it is injurious to carry a deposit of moisture which may become cold and do harm in all parts of the body.

The object, therefore, should be to wear underclothing which does not cause excessive perspiration. It should be light and loose. Wool is apparently the best material for the majority of people.

The subject of colds receives too little attention. Many people are resigned to the perpetual possession of them. They should be regarded as disease dangerous, offensive and unclean. Patent medicine advertisements print eloquent descriptions of their final effects. These remarks are applicable to those who have neglected themselves too long and are fit subjects for the hospital or prolonged medical treatment. A wise attention to clothing and the general health is more valuable than all remedies and treatment.

Colds are probably the chief cause of illness and disease among human beings. They give little trouble to animals, who wear no clothing. Arguing from these facts, some enthusiasts would say that the less clothing you wear and the more you expose yourself the healthier you will be.

But a state of civilization of considerable antiquity has made it necessary for man to preserve his natural heat by artificial means. It is not permissible to abandon clothing entirely in this country. Nor is it advisable to wear as little as the public authorities will permit during an American winter.

Neither warm clothing nor artificial heat will satisfactorily replace the natural heat of the body. To preserve this should be the first aim of all who wish to avoid colds. Good food, fresh air and exercise are obviously the principal means.

In the care of the body the skin should take an important place. As far as colds are concerned it is all important, because they rarely occur unless the skin is in a certain condition.

When the pores of the skin are opened, the cold air enters where it is not wanted and causes an inflammation. In cold weather the pores should be closed.

Cold water is an excellent vehicle for closing the pores. The weight of experience seems to prove that it is better to use warm water first. Much depends on the individual constitution.

The warm water cleanses and softens the skin and relieves the body of superfluous moisture, the frequent source of colds. Following this, the cold water will close the pores and put the skin in a sound, normal condition. No one should stay in cold water long enough to feel discomfort.—New York World.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Concord *Standard*: Just as we go to press news reaches town that Dr. Sol Furr, whose illness with paralysis has been noted in these columns, died this morning between 10 and 11 o'clock. He was in his 78d year.

— Carthage *Blade*: A negro was brought here from near Lemon Springs one day last week and lodged in jail on a charge of rape. The assaulted party was a white girl about 13 years old, and was said to be weak minded or half witted.

— Winston *Sentinel*: The *Sentinel* is pained to chronicle the death of one of Winston's kind-hearted citizens and leading tobacco manufacturers, in the person of Mr. B. F. Hanes, aged 42 years. Death came at 11.45 Saturday night.

— Asheville *Citizen*: N. Plamondon, who has given a great deal of attention to mineralogy in western North Carolina, showed the *Citizen* to-day a nugget that has been pronounced by assayers to be native metallic zinc. The existence of zinc in this State, he says, is denied by scientists, and this specimen is the only one ever found. The nugget was found in western North Carolina.

— Wilson *Observer*: A white man was found dead on the railroad track, just beyond the section house, yesterday morning. We have been unable to find out his name, but is believed that he was a foreigner. He was seen at Lucama Saturday night and Sunday morning. He was decently dressed and wore a mustache, but no beard. The left side of his head was crushed in and one eye was missing. The Coast Line took his body in charge and gave it decent burial.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Three veins of valuable minerals, consisting of gold, beryl crystals, rutile, monazite, etc., have been discovered on the lands of J. W. Warren and J. C. Burgess, in Alexander county. One of them is on Mr. Warren's place, one on Mr. Burgess' and the other on the line between them. They are working in them now and have gotten out some very fine specimens. The mines are believed by the best judges here to be more valuable than the Hiddenite mine was. One of the veins is six feet wider than the widest on record.

TWINKLINGS

— An improbable rumor—Jones: I hear that your friend Failupski is embarrassed again.

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— Grant—Can it be possible that Hawkins is in love with that fat girl? Why she weighs 14 stone, at least.

Hobbs: No. I don't believe he's in love. He's just infatuated.—*Titbits.*

— "Do you think, professor," said the musically ambitious youth, "that I can ever do anything with my voice?"

"Well," was the cautious reply, "it may come in handy to holler with in case of a fire."—*Washington Star.*

—"Did I understand you to say that Thompson was a farmer?"

"Good gracious, no! I said he made his money in wheat. You never heard of a farmer doing that, did you?"—*Beatrice Democrat.*

A BUSH FIRE.

Hot!

A blistering heat that drove the fowls, with their beaks gaping, off the burning ground into the shelter of the slab hut. A scorching, withering heat that had made sapless hay of the grass in the paddocks and reddened the foliage of the gums and the stringy barks like the blaze of a bush fire. A heat that had sucked up all moisture and mazzled the land with cracks of shrinkage and turned the water holes into mere mud baths, while the distant creek had nothing but its brown flag grass and dry swamp bed to show where the water had run.

About the homestead the few cattle still alive hung with their heads stolidly over the slip rails, refusing, in spite of all driving, to seek again for the sustenance it was impossible to find. The framework of a horse, his head between his legs, and as much in the shade as he could get on the lee side of an old ironbark, stood impassive and motionless. All round the horizon a dirty haze of smoke melted into a yellow veil of fog covering the sky.

The sun glared down. The air shimmered tremulously, as though it sickened with its burden. And over all that land not one gleam of freshness, not one sound of joy, not a murmur save the eternal zing, zing, zing of the locust. Seared, blasted, stricken, a curse was upon it and upon every living thing.

Abe Saunders was down at what used to be the creek trying to draw out his last milking cow from the place when she had bogged in a vain effort to find water grass.

Abe hauled and strained at the rope, his shirt and trousers clinging to him with sweat. The beast kicked and plunged feebly, its little strength quite gone, and after two hours' work it was more firmly bogged than ever.

"It's no good," said Abe, "I must get help. I'll go up the gully for old Mason and his tackle. If we lose that cow, what will the children do for milk?"

Wearily he turned to go, when the sound of a "Coo-ee!" turned him sharply about.

"Coo-ee!" he shouted.

A little pause, and again the cry echoed: "Coo-ee!"

"It's Mary," he said. "What the devil's up?" It was a good three miles to the ridge; but, like a wallaby with the dogs in full cry, he sped over rock and gully back to the homestead. Long before he got there, he heard a strange roaring in the air, saw black, belching clouds over the tree tops, and felt a fierce rushing furnace breath.

The bush was on fire.

With the energy of fear he dashed along. There was the clearing, with Mary at the house door still shouting at intervals. Even as he came up, the red storm was upon them. In mad frenzy he seized the two children, one under each arm, and shrieking to his wife above the din of the fire to bring the baby, he rushed to the center of the plowed paddock. There they crouched panting. The children were howling, the baby was crying, and Mary was sobbing. The man said nothing. He watched the fire.

Would the house escape? There was 50 feet of bare ground all about it. But the air, so calm a minute ago, was now a roaring hurricane traveling at racing speed over the ridge. The tea tree scrub melted before it, and the bush trees remained in its rear only as black and burning trunks. The fence had caught; the flames licked it up daintily. The shed, with his cart and harness, were, and were not, while he looked. A piece of burning, stringy bark, whirled by the wind, settled on the shingles of the house. The woman moaned and pressed the child closer to her bosom. The man's face was drawn in agony.

The house was burning, the work of his own hands. How many months of weary sawing and splitting had its shingles and slabs cost him! He thought of it all as he stood there, helpless and half suffocated. In less than a minute the flames were shooting out of the doorways and windows, and a loud report was followed by the fall of a side of the house. It was the explosion of his powder flask, hung on the wall.

"Can't you put it out, Abe?"

"Put out h—!" And he ground his teeth.

Through the open framework they could see the bed, the tables, the chairs all blazing one after another. The spirit of the man revolted.

"Look, Mary," he cried; "there goes the cradle I made for the kids." And as he spoke the aspect of his face changed. The limit of his suffering had come, and, like an old time victim of the rack, he began to laugh. A hollow laugh, weird and terrible.

"That's a good joke, Mary! The farce is ended—all over in one act! Ha, ha, ha!"

"You're mad, Abe," said his wife, shrinking from him with a great dread in her eyes. "Don't laugh like that. It's horrible!"

"Mad, my dear! That's good. Ha! ha! ha! Say I've been mad, the most confounded lunatic in this blasted blistering country. To slog and belt for ten long years to make a home of our own, to clear land, to fence it, drain it, plant it—and all to make five minutes' bonfire? Yes, I've been mad, stark, staring mad, but now—ha! ha! ha! I was never so sensible in my life!

"See how the cradle burns, Mary. It was a bit of she oak and worked like a watch. Don't it look pretty now? They might be silk curtains, all those flounces round it! Why don't you laugh, girl? It's a great joke. Look! The roof is falling in! It's as good as fireworks. Hold up the kids; let them laugh. It's all the same price. Ha! ha! ha!"

But the woman replied nothing, frightened, staring at him. The children screamed.

The driving sheet of flame had long gone by. Skirting the plowed ground where they stood, it had left the bare surface an untouched blank in its ghastly funeral trail. Only tree stumps, posts and fallen branches, smoked and smoldered here and there. The man stood motionless till morning, but the four charred corner posts remained of his home.

"Let's see the play out," he said. "Ha! ha! ha! Ha! ha! ha!"

The fire was raging many miles farther onward when Abe Saunders, taking the two children by the hand, led the way down the track to the main road. His wife dragged wearily after him, the baby in her arms, looking back from time to time at the smoking ruin.

The group passed on to the road, where the red dust blew in thick choking clouds that shrouded them from view. But long after they had disappeared there sounded the wail of the children, the moaning of the women and loud above all the mirthless laughter of a broken hearted man.—Sydney Bulletin.

After the Opera.

She—That tenor was positively painful, wasn't he?

He—Not more so than the tenner I gave up for the seats.—Detroit Free Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

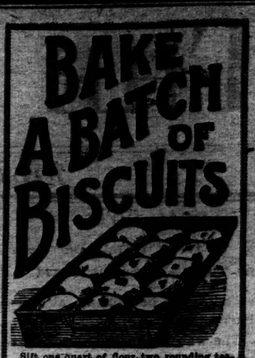
For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve your poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

BAKE A BATCH OF BISCUITS



Sift one quart of flour, two rounding teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and one teaspoonful of salt into a bowl; add three teaspoonfuls of COTTOLENE and rub together until thoroughly mixed; then add sufficient milk to make a soft dough; knead slightly, roll out about half an inch thick, and cut with a small biscuit cutter. Place a little apart in a greased pan, and bake in a quick oven for fifteen or twenty minutes. These biscuits should be a delicate brown top and bottom, light on the sides, and snowy white when broken open.

The secret of success in this recipe, and in others is to use but two-thirds as much Cottolene as you used to use of lard.

Cottolene

will make the biscuit light, delicious, wholesome. Better than any biscuit you ever made before. Try it. Be sure and get genuine Cottolene. Sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks — "*Cottolene*" and "*steer's head in cotton-plant wreath* —on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Maude Andrews Ohl.

Mrs. Maude Andrews Ohl, chairman of the Atlanta press committee for the Cotton States exposition, is the most prominent woman writer in southern journalism. She is a member of the editorial staff of the Atlanta Constitution, having charge of the woman's department. She contributes a great variety of matter, and is a woman of remarkable ability and versatility. In addition to her regular work she finds time to write a good deal of poetry which finds its way into the high class magazines, being of a very high order of merit. Indeed it is in this branch of literature that she will find her greatest fame. Mrs. Ohl uses her maiden name, Maude Andrews, in all her work. She is a member of one of the famous families of Georgia.

A Great Success.

The meeting of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs in Newton recently was a great success. More than 800 women were present, many of them prominent in education, literature and society. Eighty-five clubs were represented by delegates. The reports show a vast amount of work accomplished. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe was unanimously elected president for the coming year.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute	@	5¾
Standard	7¾@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½@	8½
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	7¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS — Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL— ₩		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	53
Virginia Meal	60 @	65
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	@	75
CANDLES— ₩ lb		
Sperm	15 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
Skim	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	21
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	5 @	6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	@	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	25 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	12 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	@	4 00
Straight	@	3 75
First Patent	@	4 50
GLUE, ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	40
Cow Peas	@	85
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	46
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	93
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3¼
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	8@8	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 25
LUMBER (City prices) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	30 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
in bbls	22 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13 @	14
in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	35
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d base	@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Rump	@	13 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT in sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	55
Lisbon	@	
American	@	25
on 125 ₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	3 50
Cypress	4 50 @	7 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	6¼@	6¾
Standard A	@	6¼
White Ex. C	@	6¼
ExtraC, Golden	@	5¾
C, Yellow	@	5¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	70 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	60 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	12½@	
Heavy	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 34½ cents per gallon for country and 35½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market dull at $1 15 per bbl for Strained, and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 85 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 80 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Firm.

Ordinary	5¼	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7 1-16	" "
Middling	7¼	" "
Good Middling	7 15-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	5 bales
Spirits Turpentine	116 casks
Rosin	374 bbls
Tar	193 bbls
Crude Turpentine	16 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1 per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange very firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 488½@489 for sixty days and 489¼@490 for demand. Commercial bills 488@488½. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113½; United States twos 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 109 bid; North Carolina sixes 194 bid. Railroad bonds were active and higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 28—Evening—Cotton steady; middling gulf 8 5-16c; middling 8 1-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady, with sales 329,900 bales; August 7 82, September 7 80, October 7 88, November 7 92, December 7 99, January 8 05, February 8 11, March 8 16, April and May —.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 1 bale; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales 765 bales, sales to spinners 550 bales; stock (actual) 161,425 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 635 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent —— bales; stock 286,707 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,094 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,698 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 1,189 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,919,093 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,440,753 bales; exports to France 775,870 bales; exports to the Continent 3,425,644 bales.

NEW YORK, Aug 28—Evening.—Flour weak, dull; winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 65; fair to fancy $2 75@3 30; patents $3 50@3 80; Minnesota clear $2 65@3 25; patents $3 30@4 00; low extra $2 15@2 65; city mills $3 90@4 15; do patents ——. Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 00. Wheat easier, with options more active for export; No 2 red in store and at elevator 64¾@65c; afloat 66@66¼c; options opened firm, with free buying for foreign account, declined ⅜@⅝c, advanced ¼@⅝c, closing firm at ¼@⅝c below yesterday; No. 2 red August 64⅞c; September 65¼; October 65⅜c; December 67¼c; May 71¼c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 42⅝; afloat 43⅛c; options were dull and irregular, closing steady at ⅛c decline; September 41⅜c; October 40⅞c; November 39⅝c; May 36⅛c. Oats fairly active and lower; options dull and easier; August 26c; September 23½c; October 23¼c; May 26¼c; spot prices—No

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete
without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Beware of Pickpockets.

And high prices, as you know, when you pay the old time merchant 20 and 25 per cent more for your daily needs in Dry Goods and House Furnishing Goods, than you would have to pay at the Spot Cash, One Price, Racket Store. You're being robbed and you are not aware of the fact. We claim to be the leader in Low Prices, Good Goods and Big Values. Let us tell you of a few things that we are trying to push. You need some Matting and Carpet. We have a big lot of it. Short lengths in Matting that run from 2 to 12 yards that we will close for less than cost. Our 10c line at 8c; our 15c line for11 and 12c; our 20c line for 15c; our 25c line for 18c; these are remnants and short lengths. Our Carpet room is full to the door. Heavy and Thick Cotton Warp at 20 and 23; Hemp Carpet at at 12½c, better at 15 and 20c. A good 2-ply heavy Wool Carpet, good color, at 40c, worth 65c. Our line of Brussels and Moquet are going from 50 to 98c a yard. Carpet paper at 3c a yard. Curtain poles and trimming, with safety pins, at 25c a set. Lace Curtains at 50c a pair. In our Millinery Department we are offering some big values, and here is what they are. 500 ladies fine hats, worth at retail from 25c to $1, now to close at 10c each.

A fine line of White Chip Hats at 25 all nicely trimmed; at 50c each with ribbon and bunch of flowers on each Hat. Don't miss this chance.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
aug 28 tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. aug 21 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

TO AN OLD VIOLIN.

Could it but speak, what strange and moving stories,
What tales of joy and grief, it would unfold,
Of faded beauty and forgotten glories,
Of love and sorrow in the days of old!

Perchance it played the grave and stately measure
While powdered couples trod the minuet;
Perhaps it was a beggar's only pleasure
Or helped a prince his trouble to forget.

Ah, violin, we dream and wonder vainly!
Time with the sweet June roses never stays.
The past is dead. We cannot learn more plainly
The buried history of forgotten days.

Yet, as a faint and odorous sweetness lingers
With faded petals, though their bloom be fled,
So, charmed anew by sympathetic fingers,
You bring a haunting memory of the dead.

So, as of old, you speak in tenderest fashion,
Mellow with memories of unseen years,
To raise our minds from worldly care and passion
And stir the thoughts that lie so close to tears.

—Anthony C. Deane in Longman's Magazine.

WILLED TO DEATH.

The doctor paled. Decidedly it was something more than mere embarrassment that caused his unwillingness.

"I have given it up, ladies," said he. "I have nothing more to do with magnetism."

"But why, why, doctor?" the pretty pleaders persisted. "Put us to sleep—one of us—you must, or tell us the reason why."

"Well, so be it," said he at last, still visibly reluctant. "I will tell you why. It may teach you a lesson.

"Eighteen months ago," he began, "I went into the country to see a friend. We will call him Paul, if you please. Though old comrades and devoted 'chums,' for a long time the chances of life had separated us, particularly his marriage, which, for certain reasons, had obliged him to locate for awhile upon one of his properties, situated, as I have said, in the depths of the country. But often and often my thoughts carried me—a trifle enviously in the midst of my hard work—toward that forgotten corner where his hours were passed in the quiet routine and bliss of a domestic life.

"Nor was I mistaken in the picture my fancy had drawn. Peace, serenity, repose, breathed from the very trees, with their great moss covered trunks, against which an old chateau leaned in the mingled shade and shine of the sunny Provence woods.

"Paul met me at the station. His wife I did not see till later—just before dinner indeed—a beautiful woman, with dark, brilliant eyes, which flashed when not shielded by the long, curling lashes, with the light of burnished steel. She had a superb figure and a complexion the tint and texture of old ivory, through which was flowing vigorously the rich red current of a healthy blood. Very, very beautiful she was; but, oddly enough, as I looked at her I felt a sense of a deception somewhere under that fair exterior.

"Was it fancy? Or was this full, robust beauty but similar to a too fervid summer that forces the sap to rise so fast that the fruit turns sour? I do not know, only that this woman entered with difficulty into the idyl I had evoked from the shadowy aisles of these old woods, that seemed always whispering and murmuring to themselves.

"Her intense vitality seemed to shatter this setting of peace and serenity. Moreover, we were not alone; another guest had arrived—a young man and a close neighbor. From the moment of his coming too—or did I fancy that also?—Paul, my friend, seemed less genial. The first joy in his eyes at my arrival had calmed; I saw him now in his habitual state, doubtless, a little aged, slightly constrained, with that vague, nervous reserve of the distrustful husband who in his inmost thoughts suspects treachery.

"I had no time, however, to ponder long on these reflections. Old memories, serious and gay, crowded thick and fast upon us in the ease and comfort of that well ordered dining room, looking out upon the lawn, the soft melancholy of the coming twilight slowly enwrapping us and carrying hearts and minds both far back into the past.

"Dinner was nearly over when a chance word or question turned the conversation upon a subject no less absorbing then than now, ladies"—and the doctor bowed courteously to the circle of eager listeners closely clustered about him—"turned, I say, upon the subject of hypnotism and hypnotic suggestion.

"My friend, from the first discoveries, had watched the advance of these studies with the liveliest interest, and many and frequent had been the discussions between himself and his wife concerning them, she denying the phenomena arising from these experiments and stubbornly pronouncing them humbug and charlatanism, and he affirming that strange things could and did happen, as he knew from his own experience—a certain evening in Paris, when he had offered himself as a 'subject' as incredulous as she, and had been put to sleep promptly and made to accomplish in his sleep things of which they told him afterward.

"'Bah! They duped you!' insisted his wife. 'Doctor,' suddenly appealing to me, 'help me to get this rubbish out of his head or Paul will certainly go crazy.'

"Forced to take sides, I was obliged to admit that I myself was deeply interested in these matters, and had witnessed things that I did not dare to doubt. She was still obstinate, still mocking. She would believe what she saw—no more, no less.

"'If Paul is a subject, as he declares,' said she, 'the thing, too, is easy enough. Convince me—you have done such things, you say—by trying it here and now.'

"Paul was willing. I looked intently at him. His eyes wavered curiously away from my gaze. He was a marvelous subject and fell immediately under my will.

"We passed into the drawing room, placed him in a chair, and I had not made six passes over his brow when he was in a sound hypnotic sleep.

"'Well, he is off,' said I.

"'Impossible! No!'

"She bent over him, called him, pinched him—no movement. Raised his arm—it fell inert like a log.

"'Quick, quick! Suggest something!' said she, a strange eagerness showing suddenly in her face.

"'You would perhaps feel the proof stronger, madame, did you make the suggestion yourself.'

"She appeared to think, murmuring half aloud, 'It must be an unaccustomed act, something unusual, that he cannot divine, that does not enter into his habit of life.'

"She looked about her. Near by on a table a magazine lay opened at a recent article on 'Hypnotic Suggestion,' a slender mother of pearl paper knife thrust between the folds. She turned the leaves hurriedly.

"'Ah-h, we have it at last!' said she, putting her finger upon a certain paragraph. 'An experiment just made successfully, they say—at the hospital of La Salpetriere. Repeat it with Paul, and I shall be convinced.'

"The experiment was to suggest to the patient at a fixed hour a predetermined act—the act in this case suicide—with some harmless object that the 'subject' should be made to believe a poniard.

"'Willingly,' I responded.

"She handed me the paper knife. 'This is harmless enough, isn't it?' she said, yielding it to me with a charming smile. 'It would not hurt a fly.'

"'Perfectly harmless.' And I held up the little pearl dagger before Paul's eyes.

"'Do you see it, Paul?' said I slowly and impressively, 'this poniard here? Well, I am going to put it on that table yonder. Tomorrow, when the luncheon bell rings—the luncheon bell, remember—you will come here, take this poniard and—kill yourself!'

"Then I roused him. He remembered nothing and felt nothing, only a comic uneasiness concerning the act that he was to accomplish and from which he was determined to defend himself.

"The evening finished gayly with a rubber of whist, ending at 10 in order to give the handsome young neighbor—a silent listener to what had been going on—time enough to reach home at a reasonable hour.

"We were walking, Paul, his wife, and I, on the terrace next morning when the luncheon bell rang. Paul raised his head, listened a second, turned brusquely and re-entered the chateau. His wife had become very pale.

"'Come, quick,' said I. 'He has gone for that paper knife!'

"She remained motionless.

"'To what good?' she said. 'I see already that suggestion has reason in it, for Paul has gone. He will come back madder than ever, I suppose.'

"I did not wait for her to finish. I hastened to the drawing room, where my 'subject' had gone.

"I ran. I threw open the door, and Paul was there—dead, face downward on the floor—a dagger in his heart!"

"A real dagger, doctor?" cried the mistress of the house laying her hand softly upon the doctor's arm.

"A real dagger, madame. I turned to the table—the little mother of pearl paper knife was gone. Who had taken it! Who had put the other—the real dagger—in its place?

"God knows, but she, Paul's wife, and he, the neighbor who dined with us that night, were married ten months ago."—From the French For San Francisco Argonaut.

Challenged In Court.

What looked at the time like a close call for Ingersoll occurred six or seven years ago in New York, when he and the gifted Daniel Dougherty were arrayed against each other in a divorce case before Judge Barrett. Dougherty was for the husband. He closed his case in this way:

"Through all this dreadful case, this struggle for what should be to her many thousand times dearer than life, has a veil mantled that beautiful face? Has one tear rolled down those cheeks? Has there been a single blush on that face? Not a tear! Not a blush!" He shook his fist at Ingersoll as he said this.

"Do you state that as a fact?" asked the infidel.

"Yes."

"Then I tell you it is untrue."

"Consider yourself challenged," shouted the Philadelphian.

"Let us have no interruptions," said Judge Barrett, showing great anxiety and displeasure.

"Well, then, he must not look at me when he says untruths," said Ingersoll, shaking all over with rage.

Sensation in the courtroom. Mr. Dougherty explained that he had challenged Ingersoll in a purely Pickwickian sense, and when the two lawyers left the room they shook hands.—New York Press.

Injuries From Horses.

An old cavalryman says that a horse will never step on a man intentionally. It is a standing order in the English cavalry that, should a man become dismounted, he must lie down and keep perfectly still. If he does so, the entire troop will pass over him without his being injured. A horse notices where he is going, and is on the lookout for a firm foundation to put his foot on. It is an instinct with him, therefore, to step over a prostrate man. The injuries caused to human beings by a runaway horse are nearly always inflicted by the animal knocking them down, and not by his stepping on them.—Boston Herald.

And Babes Go Hungry.

The dogs at the French watering place Trouville are a source of unfailing amusement. A white terrier belonging to the Comtesse de Breteuil had on white doeskin leggings the other day when it was muddy, and a correspondent counted five different coats on one white pug one day, all embroidered with heraldry.

Florence Nightingale Seventy-five.

On the 15th day of May Florence Nightingale celebrates her seventy-fifth birthday—as great a woman and as great a public benefactor and as much of a heroine as she was 40 years ago, when she went forth from her comfortable home in England, not as a mere nurse to attend to the wants of the wounded and dying British soldiers in the Crimea, but as a fearless organizer of a great field hospital system, which the British war office authorities, staff officers and generals had looked upon as a mere matter of afterthought in the preliminary arrangements of one of the most difficult campaigns in the history of the civilized world, writes Fitz Roy Gardner in a sketch of "Florence Nightingale at Seventy-five" in The Ladies' Home Journal.

No one had thought of the physical sufferings which would have to be undergone by the brave soldiers who were sent out with the prospect of a long winter campaign before them, without any adequate hospital arrangements having been made. When the great mistake was realized, it was a woman who came forward to rectify the terrible blunder, and it may easily be imagined that obstacles were thrown in her way. But public opinion was soon aroused, and when Miss Florence Nightingale arrived at the Crimea with her band of nurses she had the whole British people at her back.

Mme. Rejane's Veil.

It is all very well to talk of the unfailing chic of the Parisienne, but I think the purple veil Mme. Rejane wore in the street here recently was simply hideous. The worst of it is that several women have already adopted it and are going about looking as if they were in the last stages of jaundice because of it, all the while flattering themselves that they are being very French and extremely fashionable. There is one fashion, however, which Mme. Rejane, in common with the rest of her country women, possesses which ought to be adopted by every American woman. It is the habit of wearing properly cared for boots and irreproachable skirt bindings. An American dresses from the head down, the Parisienne from the foot up.—Washington Post.

Daisies.

A poet bursts into song in the Hartford Times:

Tell me, where do the daisies grow?

With pleasure. There are several beds of them in Poquetanuck, we believe, where they may be said to be real thick. Also on Portipaug hill, in Franklin, and Candlewood hill, in North Stonington, and at Hog pond, in Old Lyme. In fact, there are 4,750 square miles of the Nutmeg State where the daisies grow. A conundrum of far greater interest to Connecticut farmers would be, Where don't the daisies grow? Our obliging poet friend will please kindly tackle that.—Norwich Evening Record.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

THE ONLY TWO CHINESE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS IN AMERICA.

Juvenile Literature — India's Intelligent Women—Miss Julia Grant—Naming a Girl Baby—They Don't Look Dowdy. University Degrees For Women.

The whole medical department was shocked last week when it was announced that the two who stood highest in the junior examinations at the University of Michigan were Meiyii Shie (Mary Stone) and Ida Kahn, the two Chinese girls from Kiukiang, China. They are probably the only two coeds

MEIYII SHIE AND IDA KAHN.

of their race in America and are noted in Ann Arbor for their ability and brightness. They came to America three years ago at the solicitation of Miss Howe, a missionary from Ann Arbor, and hardly knew a word of English. Each is 21 years old, and they graduate next year as M. D.'s. Their plan is to return to China and spread the Christian gospel among their countrywomen as medical missionaries.—Ann Arbor Letter.

Juvenile Literature.

A mother, recently investigating the cause of her 18-year-old son's poor reports from school, discovered that he was reading himself stupid. She had rather prided herself on his evident fondness for books, and as all he read were from good libraries and publishers she confidently thought there could not be too many of them. Yet children may read too much, just as they may eat too much. This particular mother found that her son was taking books to bed with him, reading them late at night and waking at dawn to pore over them; that his desk at school was full of them; that, in fact, he was suffering from mental dyspepsia, the result of overfeeding with story books. It will take patient supervision and long continued care and effort to restore the boy's mind to its normal condition.

All this, as has been said, with what are called today "good" story books. A publisher's ideas of good do not, however, always coincide with those of the child lover and child student. While juvenile fiction is very attractive and is quite different from dime novel sensationalism, it has nevertheless a strong element of excitement. This fact is quickly discovered in attempting to write for any of the leading editors of children's reading. "Strong incident and spicy adventure," is their cry, and pictures of situations thrilling enough almost to satisfy the readers of a "penny dreadful" are not wanting between the covers of high ranking juvenile literature.—New York Times.

India's Intelligent Women.

Mrs. Annie Besant's observations of women in India, during a recent visit to that country, led her to think them very intelligent, and while their standards and methods of education differ materially from those in other countries, according to their own estimate of learning, many of the women are highly educated. Reading and writing are not a part of their education, however, as all their knowledge is acquired from "pundits," who go from house to house every week to give oral instruction in philosophy and literature to the entire household, so the memory is wonderfully strengthened by this process of training the mind quickly to grasp and retain all the information entirely independent of books for reference.

Indian women are peculiarly simple and childish in character, yet very different from Europeans of the same class. Northern and southern India, says Mrs. Besant, are two distinct countries in all the laws and customs which affect women. In the north the "Purdah" is in full power, and the women look upon any publicity as an outrage, while in the south their position is quite different, yet men and women do not meet freely in society. Mothers and grandmothers have great influence and authority in the family and home life, and in outside affairs as well, for an Indian will not act in a public matter against the advice of either one. In southern India very young children are married, and if the infant husband dies his youthful widow can never marry again.

Miss Julia Grant.

Nobody is really aware how much truth may be in rumors of the engagement of Miss Julia Grant, daughter of Colonel Frederick Grant, the police commissioner, to a young millionaire whose father was once very prominent in national politics. The probability is that there is no truth whatever in the story. It is an open secret, however, that the young lady's hand was formally asked of her papa by the uncle of a very rich young fellow who lives in Chicago—not on behalf of the uncle, but on behalf of the nephew.

The offer was declined, notwithstanding that the father was favorable. The reason is a familiar one. The young lady did not reciprocate the affection. A very general notion prevails that the Grants of New York are rich. This notion is erroneous, and is probably due to the facts that the general and his family have received large amounts of money in their time. But they all, and the colonel in particular, have been very liberal spenders. They give away in regular annuities to friends of the general and to old soldiers some thousands of dollars a year. Every year the colonel is forced or feels in duty bound to subscribe liberally to patriotic causes, having appeals of the sort addressed to him constantly.

His daughter has made a decided hit in metropolitan society, but she is certainly not engaged. The young lady is a member of a well known art class and is often seen sketching in the park.—New York Correspondent.

Body and Mind.

It is said that stooping shoulders indicate unreliability and weakness and square shoulders strength of character. The elbows thrust out from the body in walking while the wrists are held in indicate self love, egotism and audacity, while the elbows held closely in toward the body signify humility, timidity and self repression. In handshaking the person who gingerly extends the hand without the arm loves himself better than any one else, and one who heartily extends his hand and entire arm may safely be regarded as philanthropic and kind hearted.

Reindeer Milk.

The milk of the reindeer and its cheese product are said to be most excellent for all lung diseases. The natives, who live largely on the same, are remarkably free from all forms of disease and among the hardiest and most robust people in the world.

Cataloguing a Great Library.

A word more in regard to the problem of the card catalogue. A few years ago it was proposed in this library to print its titles as they then stood, and an approximate but safe estimate showed, after cutting the titles down to the minimum of intelligibility and correctness, that such a book cataloguing would fill more than 17 volumes, closely printed in somewhat small type and in two columns to a page, each volume to be of quarto size and to contain 650 pages. By the time this colossal feat could have been done enough titles would have accumulated to make it desirable to repeat the task at once.

Since this estimate was made the typesetting machine with its speed and economy has become a revolutionizing element in the printing world. This library is now asking itself how this invention can be used toward solving the catalogue problem. It is proposed—and machines are already made for the purpose—to print the titles of all new books, to use the titles as heretofore in the card catalogue and then to save the "slugs" on which each title will be cast until enough have been accumulated and alphabetized to form the basis for a general printed catalogue. The slugs will still be saved, and by a constant process of accumulation and alphabetizing new editions will at any time be possible.—"The New Public Library In Boston," by Lindsay Swift, in Century.

The Order of St. Monica.

How many people of the workaday world realize that there is in this prosaic country anything which smacks of mediævalism as an order of "consecrated widowhood?" Sisterhoods where virgins become the brides of the church are numerous in the Roman Catholic church and are not unknown among the Episcopalians, but the order of St. Monica is an order of widows. It is an Episcopal organization, and its head is Sister Caroline, the widow of the Rev. Ferdinand Ewer of New York. It was formed in 1884, but its members were somewhat scattered and engaged in different pursuits until recently, when they have been invited to reunite at Springfield, Ills., and to take charge of an orphanage there.—Philadelphia Press.

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R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

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J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 6	NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 5	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 48
11 22	4 20	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	3 20	10 09
11 43	4 38	Lv..Pollocksville Lv	3 00	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar..Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains of A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager.
June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.43 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6 30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 6.15 p m, Darlington 7.55 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.50 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 6.50 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m., Sumter 9.45 a m, Summerton 10 40 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 19 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

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The peculiar political conditions that exist in Kentucky have led many people to believe that the State is a doubtful one and that the Republicans have a chance to carry it this fall. For this reason there is great interest, both at home and abroad, in accurate and reliable political news from all parts of the State. The Weekly Courier-Journal is now covering this field perfectly, and it is publishing the news without bias or prejudice. A close reader of the Weekly Courier-Journal should be able to forecast in advance what will be the outcome of the State election next November. In addition to giving all the political news and all the news of every kind, the Weekly Courier-Journal is offering to its subscribers $6,000 in cash presents for guesses as to the exact vote and closest to the exact [illegible] that will be received by the Democratic, Republican and Populist candidates for Governor of Kentucky. The price of the paper is only one dollar a year. Sample copies containing full details of the cash present plan will be sent free to any address. Write to COURIER-JOURNAL COMPANY, Louisville, Ky. aug 21 3t

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington ...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar......Maxton.. .. Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur. .Lv	5 50 a. m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leava Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

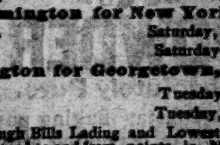
Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North, South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 31
CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 7

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 31
ONEIDA, Saturday, Sept. 7

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Aug. 27
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Sept. 3

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 25 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 29, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced fifteen to seventeen points, then reacted, and closed eight to ten points higher for the day, with the tone steady and the sales 324,900 bales, making 959,700 bales in four business days. To-day's business was the largest on any day for a long time past. After 'Change prices were one to two points higher than the closing official price. Liverpool rose eight to eight and one-half points, closing strong, with a net advance of seven points, with sales of 12,000 bales, at a rise of 3-32d. Manchester was higher, but the advance checked business. New Orleans advanced twelve to fourteen points, but lost five points of this later on. Spot cotton advanced ⅛c at New York, Augusta, St. Louis, Baltimore, Norfolk, Mobile and New Orleans; 1-16c at Galveston and Memphis, and 3-16c at Savannah. Memphis sold 850 bales, New Orleans 600 and New York 765, the latter including 215 bales for export and 550 for spinning. Middling uplands here 8 1-16c. Port receipts were 365 bales, against 125 this day last week and 2,684 last year; Houston received 570 bales, against 210 this day last week and 2,993 last year. Dry weather in most parts of the cotton belt, though some rain reported in Georgia, Mississippi and Alabama.

To-day's features: Liverpool's rise, which was equal to twenty-five points in our money, was like a shock of electricity to American markets. But behind it all was the Government. Just as it was a week ago so it was to-day. It was no one man's market. It was a broad, excited speculation, which no one man or no set of men could control. The outside public was at the helm. The outside public put up prices, and not even very heavy liquidation for long account could put them down very much. To night the feeling was buoyant. Predictions of very much higher prices are heard everywhere. The South, New England, Wall street operators, and it is understood, Chicago operators, were buying. On the rise some leading local interests took profits freely, and Liverpool and the Continent also sold. Yet the market closed with a substatial advance for the day and many thought that steam was still up.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

No Improvement in the Wheat Market—Corn and Oats Weak—Lard and Ribs Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 28.—There was no sign of improvement in the condition of the wheat market this morning. If anything, the weakness was more pronounced than ever. September wheat opened at 60c, sold between 60 and 59⅛c, closing at 59⅜c.—⅛ to ⅝c. under yesterday. Cash wheat was easy and ½c. lower.

Corn—There was an easier feeling in corn early on the failure of the frosts predicted for last night to materialize and in sympathy with the weakness in wheat. May corn was weak early and about one cent under yesterday's close on heavy selling by commission houses. September became steady at the decline on frost prediction to-night. Free covering of May by local shorts and the light estimated receipts for to-morrow, 275 cars, helped prices some, but the market was dull and narrow to the close. May is fast becoming the active option in corn. September corn opened at 35¼c, sold between 35¾@35¼c, closing at 35⅝c—½@¾c under yesterday. Cash corn was easy and ½c per bushel lower.

Oats were dull, the market responding to the weak feeling in wheat and corn. There was good buying of May by shorts. The market held steady on a fair business for cash oats. September closed ⅛c under yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions were easy early in sympathy with the weak feeling in grain and lower prices for hogs. Pork weakened on good selling by the packers and liberal realizing by longs. Lard was steady and ribs easy. Business was light, consisting mainly of changing from the September to the October and the January options. At the close September pork was 30c under yesterday; September lard 2½@5c lower and September ribs 12½c under yesterday. Domestic markets were quiet and easier.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Report of the Grand Recorder, Showing Growth of the Order.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., Aug. 28—To-day's session of the twenty-sixth triennial conclave of the Grand Encampment of the Knights Templar of the United States was opened at 10 o'clock this morning in Masonic hall. The opening session was devoted to routine business. Most Eminent Sir Hugh McCurdy, the Grand Master, presided and delivered his triennial address.

The Grand Recorder, W. B. Isaac's report showed 961 subordinate commanderies under the Grand Commandery, an increase of eighty-one over the last triennial report in 1892. Subordinate commanderies under the Grand Encampment have increased from thirty to thirty-six. Those knighted in the Grand Commanderies number 21,531, while the total membership of Knights is 106,770.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27¼@27¾c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

CHARLESTON, August 28.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¾c; receipts 15 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05@1 15; receipts — barrels.

SAVANNAH, August 28.–Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c; sales 1,284 casks; receipts 1,075 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales of 3,500 barrels.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

SENATOR QUAY'S VICTORY

IN THE PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

He Swept Everything Before Him—Nominations Made—Platform Adopted—Declares Opposition to Free and Unlimited Coinage of Silver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 28.—The most bitter fight that has ever been experienced in the ranks of Pennsylvania Republicans is at an end and Senator Quay is victorious. The Beaver statesman swept everything before him and magnanimously consented in the interest of party harmony to the nomination of the six Republican Superior Court Judges, as the administration forces had desired. The Convention, which lasted a scant three hours, no recess being taken, was marvellously harmonious. Judged by the way the Quay and Hastings forces hob-nobbed within a half hour after the Convention had been called to order, the respective chiefs setting the example by consulting with one another, it was not evident that the party had been rent in twain during the past two months, and up to the very day of the Convention, by factionalism that was unprecedented for its bitterness. The success of Senator Quay is regarded as a masterly political achievement. He has secured control of the party organization in the Keystone State, has had himself elected State chairman to succeed an active political opponent, the latter himself placing the Senator in nomination, and literally was the power at the Convention.

The Convention was announced to meet at 11 o'clock, but it was within five minutes of the noon hour when State Chairman Gilkeson rapped for order. The atmosphere in the hall reached an almost torrid warmth and Governor Hastings vigorously used a fan, which contained the inscription, "Keep cool and vote for Quay."

When Chairman Gilkeson had called the body to order, Secretary Fetterolf read the call for the Convention and Secretary Rex called the roll of delegates. All of the 289 delegates responded to their names, and then nominations for temporary chairman were called for. The Speaker of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, Harry F. Walton, an administration leader, presented the name of Col. Henry Hall, of Pittsburg, and Senator Quay followed with the name of Representative John B. Robinson, of Delaware county. Ex-State Chairman Cooper, a Quay lieutenant, seconded the nomination of Representative Robinson amid great applause and pleaded for harmony. When Cooper was growing eloquent Senator Quay surprised the assemblage by slowly arising from his seat, which was but two rows behind that occupied by Governor Hastings, and approaching the Governor. The Senator extended his hand, and the Governor being taken by surprise warmly grasped it. Mr. Quay then whispered something pleasant in Governor Hastings ear and they smiled simultaneously. The delegates accepted this manœuvre as a peace offering, and the cheering was terrific.

Robinson received 18⅛ of the Philadelphia votes, the five contesting delegates from the First and Fifth wards in that city being allowed a half vote each. This rule also applied to the Wyoming county contestant. The Convention was on tipted-toe of expectancy while the vote was being taken, and when Secretary Rex announced 163⅔ votes for Robinson and 133⅓ for Hall, the Quay men cheered wildly. This made a total vote of 297, which was announced through an error of tellers. There could be only 289 votes in the Convention, but the six contestants who were given a half vote each, were counted as whole votes. Quay's majority however, was 30⅓, the fraction resulting from the election of three delegates from the second district of Berks, where only two should have been chosen. The two votes were divided among the three, and one of them, H. Miller Kauffman, voted for Quay. Cheer after cheer was given when Col. Hall moved that Robinson be chosen by acclamation, and there was uproarious applause when Governor Hastings seconded Hall's motion. The election was made unanimous.

Senator Quay made a motion which, was seconded by Representative Stone, that the Committee on Permanent Organization be instructed to report the name of Gov. Hastings for permanent chairman of the Convention. It was adopted. Governor Hastings, after consulting with Senator Quay, moved that no recess be taken by the Convention, but that it continue in session until all business should be disposed of. This was also agreed to. Representative Stone presented a resolution suspending the rule which provides for the election of a State chairman by the candidates selected at the Convention and the permanent chairman and providing for the election by the Convention. There was no opposition to this.

Chairman Eyrie, of the Organization Committee, formally reported that Gov. Hastings had been agreed upon as permanent chairman, and the temporary chairman appointed Senator Quay and Chris L Magee, of Pittsburg, to escort the Governor to the platform. The trio were cheered long and loud as they marched down the aisle.

The Resolution Committee not being ready to report, Chairman Hastings called for the next order of business, and Col. Henry Hall mounted the stage and placed the name of Ben. J. Haywood, of Mercer county, before the Convention for State Treasurer. There were no other nominations, and Mr. Haywood was chosen by acclamation.

Senator Quay, in a brief speech, then presented the names of the six Republican members of the Superior Court for nomination. The Judges were appointed by Governor Hastings on June 27th, and the Senator suggested that they all be selected by acclamation. The nominations were made as the Senator requested. Mr. Gilkeson then withdrew as a candidate for State chairman and moved that Senator Matthew Stanley Quay be elected State chairman. Quay was elected by acclamation.

After a somewhat lengthy wait the Committee on Resolutions reported the platform.

The financial and tariff planks are as follows:

"We accept unreservedly the determination enunciated by the Republican Convention of 1892; that we demand the use of both gold and silver money with such restrictions and under such provisions to be determined by legislation as will secure the maintainance of the parity of values of the two metals so that the purchasing and debt-paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall at all times be equal.

"Faithful to the Republican party and believing it to be the settled doctrine of the party that the honor of the nation and the interests of its citizens require the maintainance of a national currency, every dollar of which, whether in gold, silver or notes, shall be of staple value and of equal purchasing power, this Convention hereby declares its opposition to the debasement of the national currency by the admission of silver to free and unlimited coinage at the arbitrary ratio of 16 to 1.

"We declare our continued adherence to the protective policy, which has been so sturdily championed for one hundred years by the great men of our State and of our nation, and to the acceptance of which policy by the Republican party the country owes all the prosperity it has enjoyed during the last thirty years.

"We insist upon the passage of such legislation as will secure the restoration and maintainance of this policy without qualification or abatement.

"The Democratic party, under Mr. Cleveland's leadership, is charged with the precipitation upon the country in the early part of 1893, of the most disastrous industria lend financial panic in our history, which was caused by the open threat of Mr. Cleveland to destroy the protective policy, and by the fear that other radical and destructive legislative changes would be attempted under the same leadership."

The platform was adopted, and the Convention, at 2.48, adjourned *sine die.*

WALCOTT AND O'BRIEN

Fight in Boston—O'Brien Knocked Out in One Round.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, August 28.—An audience of 2,500 people witnessed the Walcott-O'Brien boxing match this evening at the West Newton Street Armory, under the auspices of the Farragut Club, which resulted in the latter's defeat in one round.

Joe Walcott, of Boston, is the recognized 140 pound champion of America, and Dick O'Brien, of Lewiston, Me., is considered one of the cleverest fighters in the same class. This was their second fight, the first one being won by Walcott.

O'Brien had plenty of backers about the ring side, and from his appearance there was a strong indication that he would put up a great fight.

Walcott showed himself to be a better fighter in every way, knocking his opponent down four times during the round and ending it in two minutes and forty-five seconds.

Both men came to the centre at the sound of the gong. O'Brien lost no time and started for Walcott with a rush. He landed his left lightly on the colored man's face. That blow undoubtedly gave Walcott the impression that his opponent wanted to fight, for he measured his distance and sent his left hand for O'Brien's jaw, landing heavily. The blow knocked O'Brien across the ring, where he fell. When he regained his feet Walcott hit him a similar blow, dazing O'Brien and sending him again to the floor. It was this punch that weakened O'Brien. The timekeeper counted eight seconds and then O'Brien regained his feet, but staggered about. Walcott followed it with another left on the jaw and down went O'Brien for the third time, but at the end of the nine seconds he was on his feet. As he put up his guard the spectators acted like mad men, and there was a cry to stop the fight. Before their wish was realized, Walcott planted his left in the same spot and O'Brien went into oblivion for the time being. He was assisted to his corner, where he remained a few minutes and then retired to his dressing room.

Walcott has declared his willingness to box Lavigne at the Farragut Club at 133 pounds.

HORRIBLE BUTCHERY.

Mrs. Postulka Murdered by Her Jealous Husband.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 28.—One of the most atrocious murders that has occurred in New York for years was committed about 10.30 o'clock to-day at 515 East Thirteenth street, when a Jewish husband, crazed with rage because, as he claims, his wife wronged him, butchered her with a knife. The murdered woman was Annie Postulka, 45 years old. The murderer is Charles Postulka, a butcher, who married her two years ago when she was a widow with six children, all of whom are still living. The eldest is Lizzie, 19 years old, who assisted her mother in running the cafe Waldorf at 114 East Fourth street. The murderer's explanation of his act is that he went home unexpectedly and found a strange man in a compromising position with his wife. He asserts that he saw sufficient to convince him that his wife was not a proper woman and was unfaithful to him. He picked up a small butcher knife and slashed her until she was left a mangled corpse on the floor. The woman's hands were cut to pieces where she grasped the knife, with which her death wounds were inflicted, and struggled madly with her murderer for its possession. The frenzied man drew the weapon across her throat from ear to ear. Then he shoved the blade down her throat and drew it across her cheek so that her chin was almost entirely cut away. Not satisfied with this he jabbed the knife into the woman's back and cut out a large piece of flesh.

The murderer was arrested while calmly seated at a table in his wife's cafe.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Pierce M. B. Young in the City—Government Refuses to Accept the Port Royal Dry Dock.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Pierce M. B. Young, of Georgia, United States Minister to Guatemala, called at the State Department to-day. He is in this country on leave of absence.

Justice McCarthy, of this city, the contractor who constructed the Government dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., was to-day informed by Acting Secretary McAdoo of the Navy Department that in accordance with the recommendation of the board that examined the dock, the Government cannot accept it in its present condition. Mr. McAdoo says he must make the repairs which the Board thinks are necessary before acceptance can be given, or else the Government will make them, taking the cost out of part of the contract price which the Navy Department has retained. The principal objection of the Examining Board was that the gates to the dock were not strong enough, in their opinion, to withstand the pressure of the water.

CUBAN ADVICES.

Insurgents Carrying on a Vigorous Conflict With Spanish Troops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 28.—The Yumuri, which arrived to-day from Havana, brought some news, though little of the actual state of things at the seat of war could be learned at Havana. One of the passengers, however, confirmed the report that two expeditions had recently landed at Santa Clara; also that the insurgents had blown up several bridges and were carying on a vigorous conflict with the Spanish troops. Neither Sanguilly nor Aguerre was on board the Yumuri, although they expected to take passage by that steamer for New York

TREASURY GOLD RESERVE

Just Above the One Hundred Million Mark.

By Telegragh to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—The gold reserve in the Treasury is just above the $100,000,000 mark, standing at the close of business to-day at $100,182,943. A withdrawal of $250,000 in gold at New York for export to Europe and the taking up in the Treasury cash of $600,000 in gold withdrawn last Monday have caused the decline.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF GERMAN-AMERICAN VETERANS.

The Chinese Massacres—Investigation into the Kucheng Outrage Proceeding Satisfactorily—Turkey Complains to France and Russia of England's Attitude.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BREMEN, August 28.—Bremen gave an enthusiastic reception to the German-American veterans yesterday, and last evening entertained them in festival commers in the Park house. Herr Mueller, of Bremen, delivered an address of welcome, to which Herr Schelucker, of Chicago, replied, expressing the thanks of himself and comrades for their reception, and in conclusion called for cheers for the Emperor and the Empire, which were given heartily. In the course of his remarks Schelucker gave a history of the German-American Veteran Union of Chicago. The entertainment was ended with a display of fireworks. The veterans proceeded to Hamburg to-day.

HONG KONG, August 28.—Advices received here from Kucheng state that the inquiry of the investigation commission into the recent outrages is proceeding satisfactorily. The Chinese officials are giving the commission ample assistance. Ten members of the Vegeterian Society have been convicted of participation in the outrages and the trial of others is in progress. There is no danger of fresh disturbances during the sitting of the commission.

LONDON, August 28.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the *Pall Mall Gazette* confirms the statement previously cabled that the Porte has complained to France and Russia of England's attitude in regard to Armenia. The *Gazette's* dispatch adds that the dispatch sent by the Sultan to the French and Russian diplomats bitterly complains that Great Britain's discourteous and unseemly attitude is derogatory to the prestige of the Sultan. He therefore appeals to Russia and France to use their good offices to induce Great Britain to modify her attitude. The replies of the French and Russian representatives, however, do not favor Turkey's contention or give the Sultan any encouragement.

AJACCIO, CORSICA, August 28.—Wm. Beneditti and Alessandri, rival candidates for the Canton of Pedicroce, fought a duel with pistols to-day, with the result that Alessandri was killed. The duel grew out of a violent newspaper quarrel.

Alessandri fired his first shot before the word was given, whereupon Beneditti fired in the air. A second shot was then fired, and Alessandri fell dead.

BERLIN, August 28.—The Emperor reviewed the troops at Mayence to-day, after which he addressed the officers, saying: "Always remember that we must be strong in order to preserve peace, and also that the stronger we are the more respect others will have for us."

LONDON, August 28.—An order in Council, published in the *Official Gazette*, prohibits British ships from catching seals within the following zones: The zone of ten miles on all the Russian coasts of Behring sea and the North Pacific ocean, and the zone of thirty miles around the Kormandorsky Islands and Tulenew, otherwise Robben Islands. The order is a provisional one and bears date of August 28th. It goes into operation immediately.

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Further Proceedings to Be Instituted by the Government for the Cancellation of the Baldwin Patent.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The law officers of the Government have under consideration the question how further to proceed with the case against the Bell Telephone Company for the repeal of the Berliner patent. As the case now stands the bill of the Government has been dismissed by the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, and under that judgment the Bell Company has begun proceedings against several of the corporations which entered the telephone field after the expiration of the Bell patent in 1893. The validity of the Berliner patent is essential to the further control of the telephone business by the Bell Company, and the present situation is of additional interest from a legal or judicial point of view, because the case involves a consideration of the act of 1891 establishing the Circuit Courts of Appeal.

By the terms of the act creating Circuit Courts of Appeals, the judgment of those courts is final in all cases arising under the patent laws, except where the Judge certifies a case to the Supreme Court, or where the Supreme Court directs the case to be brought before it for review on a writ of *certiorari*. The Telephone Company is evidently inclined to accept the decree of the Court of Appeals as final, and is proceeding to enforce its claims under the patent. But the Government's representatives are by no means disposed to let the case rest here. They say that a case involving the question whether or not the United States has the right to sue for the cancellation of a patent is vastly different from a controversy between two private parties over a patent right, and that upon that point an appeal will lie to the Supreme Court from the judgment of the Court of Appeals. And even if that ground should fail them, they can sue for a review on a writ of *certiorari*, as provided in the law itself. Which method of procedure will be followed has not yet been finally settled, but it is asserted that the case will not be permitted to rest in its present condition.

INCENDIARIES ARRESTED

They Burned the Court House of Fulton County, Illinois

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CANTON, ILL., Aug. 28.—Oscar Baughman, alderman; Ellis Brown, ex-city marshal, and Charles Henry, ex-night watchman of the city of Lewiston, have been arrested charged with the burning of the court house of this (Fulton) county, at Lewiston, on the night of December 14th last. All have made confessions, and all have been bound over to the grand jury. Baughman was arrested in Chicago, and his arrest caused a rumor that he had been kidnapped. He was brought here this morning.

GRAY GABLES.

Knights Templar Visit the President's Summer Home.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., Aug. 28.—President Cleveland and his private secretary, Mr. Thurber, have been busy all day at Gray Gables. Several Knights Templar, mostly from the West, made a trip here to-day to see the President's summer home. Some drove over to the Gables, while others viewed the place from the opposite shore.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MINISTER DENBY EXPLAINS

His Failure to Report on the Chinese Massacres—The Inquiry is Proceeding and Chinese Officials are Actively Co-operating.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Minister Denby at Pekin has cabled a long explanation to the State Department with reference to events connected with the inquiry into the Kucheng massacre which he had previously failed to report, thereby causing some dissatisfaction in official circles.

Mr. Denby had maintained so long a silence, despite the anxiety of the Department to hear from him in regard to these matters, that it was determined to cable him a synopsis of the newspaper reports cabled from China in regard to alleged Chinese attempts to prevent a full inquiry by the American and British commissioners into the massacre and the reported reappointment of the degraded Viceroy Li, the supposed instigator of the Cheng-Tu riots. This was done, and Mr. Denby was requested to state whether these reports were true. While the wording of the cablegram thus sent can hardly be deemed a demand for an explanation, according to the interpretation given it at the State Department to-day, the fact that it was sent confirms the statements published that Mr. Denby's long silence was causing dissatisfaction. On the whole the answer of the Minister shows that he was diligent in the performance of his duty and the explanation of his silence appears to be that he did not deem some of the information in his possession sufficiently important to cable.

The Department received dispatches from Mr. Denby dated August 27th, in which he states that Mr. Hixson, our Consul at Foo Chow, started for Ku-Tien under orders from him to investigate the recent riots there in the early part of this mo th, Mr. Hixson went with the consent of the Chinese Government and under protection of an escort furnished by the provincial authorities. He was accompanied by a naval officer of our fleet, the latter, as the Department has been advised from other sources, being Commander Newell, of the Detroit. Mr. Hixson has reported to Minister Denby that the work of the Commission at Ku-Tien is proceeding smoothly and that the Chinese officials are lending their active co-operation. A considerable number of convictions have already been secured. As to the Szu Chuan Commission, Mr. Denby states that it will begin its work as soon as the British Consul at Chung King, who has been designated by his Government to serve thereon, can leave his post, which, for the time being, he finds it impossible to do.

The late Viceroy of Szu Chuan, Li Ping-Chang, has not been appointed by the Pekin Government its commissioner for investigating either the June or August riots, but he has received orders from the Emperor to remain at his post at Cheng-Tu until his conduct prior to and during the riots has been thoroughly investigated.

MURDER AT PITTSBURG.

James Getty Shot and Killed by Alexander Hutchinson.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, PA, August 28.—Alexander Hutchinson shot James Getty, Jr., at the latter's office in his wholesale liquor establishment, at First avenue and Cherry alley this morning. After committing the deed he went directly to the county jail, on Ross street, and gave himself up to Warden McAleese.

Assistant Superintendent of Police Waggoner learned that the employes in Getty's place of business had quarrelled over the sale to Hutchinson by Getty of the Hotel Wiley, on Sixth street, on which Hutchinson had paid $200 to hold the bargain. Hutchinson, it appears, came to Getty's place this morning to demand the return of the money. This demand Getty refused to comply with, whereupon Hutchinson drew a revolver and shot Getty down in his tracks. Hutchinson immediately left the store and Getty was carried across the street to the Homœopathic Hospital, where he expired within a few moments. Warden McAleese, with the jailor, states that when Hutchinson arrived there, after handing over the revolver and other private effects, he stated that he had killed James Getty and asked to be locked up. Hutchinson, the warden states, was perfectly sober, but extremely nervous.

HON. THOMAS S. MARTIN.

The Virginia Senator Can See No Good in Discussing the Silver Question.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Aug. 28.—Senator Thomas S. Martin was here to-day. He does not think that the next session of Congress will be very interesting. In the first place, he says, the House is Republican and the Senate is mongrel, with a few Populists holding the balance of power. He does not think that the Republicans will attempt to dicker with the Populists, and as the President is a Democrat the Republicans will be altogether so badly hampered that little legislation beyond the routine may be expected.

When asked if the report that he is in favor of free coinage was true, he said that he did not care to talk for publication on that subject. He argues that there is no possibility, so far as he can see, of doing anything with the silver question during the next several years, and therefore he can see no good in discussing a question the only effect of which is to make discord in the Democratic party.

A CLOUD-BURST.

Two Children Drowned—Pawnee Bill's Tents Blown Away.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL, August 28.—This region was visited by a tornado and cloud-burst this afternoon, the like of which has never been seen here. In thirty minutes the beds of dry streams were filled with rushing torrents, filling the valleys until they were rivers so deep that horses could swim across. The Norris avenue road near this city was overflowed and while Mrs. Riddlem and Mrs. Roberts, of Heyworth, with their two daughters were trying to cross the valley their horse and carriage were swept from the bridge and the two children drowned. The tents, awnings and seats of Pawnee Bill's Wild West Show at the fair grounds were blown away and destroyed. Five thousand people were panic stricken but no one was seriously hurt.

WARM WIRELETS.

The barn of Foxhall Keene, at Lexington, Ky., was burned yesterday, with his imported stallion Kallacrates, by Hermit, and the American stallion Hyderbad, by Hyder Ali.

Arthur Master, son of Lord Arthur Master, of London, fell from a second story window at Middleboro, Ky., and was fatally injured. He is a cousin of the Marquis of Salisbury.

Spelman Bros., importers and dealers in toys and novelties, New York, have made an assignment. The firm has been established about fifty years, and carried a stock valued at $250,000.

The entire Alexandria (Va.) plant of the Standard Oil Company, except the tanks, was burned yesterday, including a considerable quantity of oil in barrels. The loss is about $5,000; no insurance.

QUAY'S VICTORY.

It Settles the Question of Harrison's Candidacy for the Presidency.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

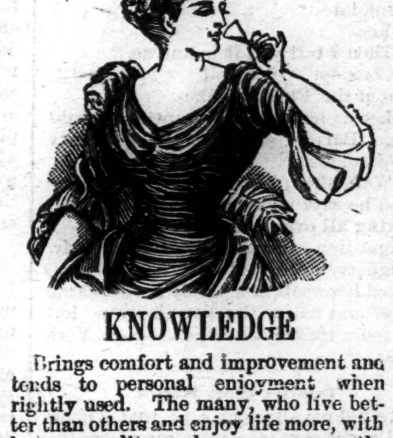
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Aug. 28.—In an editorial discussing the effect of Senator Quay's victory upon General Harrison's candidacy, the *News*, which is regarded as the ex-President's organ, says this evening: "A man who has been close to General Harrison personally for several years says the victory of Quay will settle General Harrison's determination not to allow his friends to begin any movement in his behalf; not that he and his friends do not believe they could secure the nomination, but because the General will not himself be drawn into the contest for a nomination. "It is now evident that both Pennsylvania and New York would be against General Harrison," said this man. "Our information is that Platt will never allow New York to cast its vote for him. We all know how Quay feels toward Harrison, and if it is true that he has won his fight, it means that Harrison could expect nothing from Pennsylvania. I think it is generally believed that the masses of the Republicans of these two States are for Gen. Harrison, but the bosses will control the delegations. Gen. Harrison will never allow the use of his name in a convention in which New York and Pennsylvania are against him. He would have been glad to have seen Quay beaten as a good thing for the party."

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 13; Louisville 5.
New York—New York 8; Cincinnati 1.
Boston—Boston 5; Cleveland 10.
Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5; Chicago 3.
Baltimore—1st game was given to Baltimore by a score of 9 to 0 on account of the non-arrival of the Pittsburg team. 2nd game—Baltimore 11; Pittsburg 5.
Washington—Washington 5; St. Louis 5. Game called at end of seventh inning on account of darkness.
Atlanta—Atlanta 6; Mobile 1.
Lynchburg—Lynchburg 5; Richmond 3.
Norfolk—Norfolk 9, Roanoke 6. 2nd game—Norfolk 5; Roanoke 2.
Evansville—The Montgomerys failed to put in their appearance to-day, and Umpire Clarke awarded the game to the Evansville team.
Nashville—Nashville 23; New Orleans 2.
Portsmouth—Portsmouth 4; Petersburg 7. 2nd game. Portsmouth 6; Petersburg 3.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

Pears—15 barrels more just received, suitable for preserving, etc. Groceries sold at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, Wilmington, N. C. c21

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. aug 27 tf

For Rent—This Store No. 123 South Front street, now occupied bo Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st, 1895. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

For Rent—That desirable Dwelling on South Fifth street, between Dock and Orange. All modern improvements. At present occupied by Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

For Rent—No. 308 South Front street, at present occupied by Mr. James Sprunt, F. A. Lord, Agent. july 18 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Underet Carps.

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Tom o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.

WORTH Reading!

—

DO YOU

imagine a good thing when you see it?

Of course you do! And we are not going to dispute the assertion.

Important Bulletin!

—

Did You

consider that $40,000 in Dry Goods are being sacrificed by KATZ & POLVOGT on account of removal sale?

LIMITED!

—

Don't You

postpone buying, but call at once at 116 Market Street and see the great reductions made.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

aug 12 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

in Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

aug 25 tf

Everybody Who Wears SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see. Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Must Be Sold

By September 5th.

What I have left, in the way of

DryGoods

must be sold by the 5th of September, and in order to do this I offer you these goods for less than you can buy them elsewhere, and some of them for a great deal less than they cost me:

Dr. Warner's Health Corsets for 90c, regular price $1.25 each.
Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, old price $1, now 75c each.
The Royal Worcester Corsets, price $1, now 75c each.
Royal Worcester Corsets in the 50c grade, for 37½c each.
One lot of 50c black Corsets at 20c each.
Chemisettes, regular price 25c each, now down to 10c, and they are all new styles.
One lot of Face Veiling at 3c and 10c a yard, the old price was 12½c to 25c a yard.
Skirt Canvas, all linen, 8c a yard, regular price is from 12½c to 15c per yard.
Ladies' Belts, old price 10c, new price 5c each.
One lot of Winter Flannel Dress Goods, regular price from 50c to 60c a yard, now 25c.
One lot of colored Table Covers at 25c each, regular price 50c.
Dress Shields at 5c up, real value from 10c to 15c up.
Dress Braid from 1c a yard to 10c, the old price is 5c to 25c up.
Spool Silk of the best grade for 5c a spool.
Coats' Spool Cotton at 3c. Clark's Spool Cotton at 3 cents.
Ladies' Hose (red) at 3c a pair.
Children's Hose (striped) at 2c a pair.
Hooks and Eyes 1c a paper.
Colored linen Crash at 6c a yard, regular price 10c.
One lot of Lace from ½c to 1c a yard, the old price was from 5c to 25c.
Silk Ball Knitting at 10c each, regular price everywhere 25c.
One lot of Hand Bags at 15c each, regular price 25c to 50c. Black Dress Goods, Silk Warp Henrietta, 46 inches wide, price now 60c a yard, old price $1.
One piece of Black Camel Hair Serge, 44 inches, at 50c a yard.
Bleach Table Linen, round thread, of extra good value, 68 inches wide, and sold for $1.15 a yard, at 62c a yard.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair, regular price 75c, $1 and $1.25.
One piece of red Table Cloth, now 33⅓c a yard was 50c a yard.
Trunks at cost for cash.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,
aug 25 tf

Schools and Colleges.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA,

Charlottesville, Va.

Elective courses leading to the B. S degree in Civil, Mining, or Mechanical Engineering, Chemistry, Natural History, and so on. Well equipped laboratories of Physics, Mechanics, Chemistry and Biology; Astronomical Obervatory, Natural History Museum. For catalogues, address

WM. M. THORNTON, LL. D., Chairman.
aug 20 13t tu th sa

NORTH CAROLINA

College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to

A. Q HOLLADAY, Pres., Raleigh, N. C.
july 11 tf

RAVENSCROFT SCHOOL, ASHEVILLE.

PREPARATORY AND HIGH SCHOOL FOR Boys. Climate unsurpassed. Thorough instruction in all departments. Students prepared for entrance to or advanced standing in College or University. References—The Bishop of N. C., ex-Mayor T. W. Patton of Asheville, etc. For further information, testimonials, announcements for next session, etc., address T. H. T WIGHT, Asheville, N. C.
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Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $275 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
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St. Mary's School For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene. Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr, Ass't Cashier.

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Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

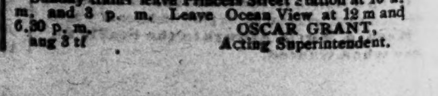
	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits	$15,958	$29,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.	15,600	15,600	13,500
Deposits	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER JULY 28TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5 00 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11 00 a. m., 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.
aug 3 tf